

# 2020 CCPC

Qinhuangdao Site  
&  
WFINAL

(Warm Up)

2020年10月17日

## A. Circle

**Time Limit: 1s**

**Memory Limit: 512M**

### Descriptions

There are two points  $A, B$  and an obstacle circle  $O$  on a Cartesian coordinate system.

Now, you need to choose a point  $C$  on the boundary of  $O$ , and then move both points  $A$  and  $B$  to point  $C$ . While moving, both points  $A$  and  $B$  must not be strictly inside circle  $O$ .

Your goal is to minimize the total moving distance, i.e., the sum of the moving distances of  $A$  and  $B$ .

### Input Format

The first line contains a single integer  $t$  ( $1 \leq t \leq 106$ ), representing the number of testcases.

Each testcase contains a single line with 7 integers  $x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2, x_3, y_3, r$  ( $-1000 \leq x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2, x_3, y_3 \leq 1000, 1 \leq r \leq 1000$ ).  $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), (x_3, y_3)$  are the coordinates of points  $A, B$  and the center of  $O$  respectively, and  $r$  is the radius of  $O$ .

The input guarantees that neither  $A$  nor  $B$  is strictly inside  $O$ .

### Output Format

For each testcase, output a single line with a single number, the answer rounded to the third decimal place.

The input guarantees that the fourth decimal place is neither 4 nor 5.

## Sample Input

```
3
0 0 2 2 1 1 1
0 0 2 2 1 0 1
0 0 2 2 1 -1 1
```

## Sample Output

```
3.571
2.927
3.116
```

## B. Game

**Time Limit: 1s**

**Memory Limit: 512M**

### Descriptions

Alice and Bob are playing a game. There are  $n$  heaps of stones, the  $i$ -th heap contains  $A_i$  stones.

Two players play in turn (Alice first). In each turn, the player chooses 1 or 2 heaps, and for each chosen heap, removes a positive number of stones from it. The first player who is not able to make a move loses the game.

Now Bob wants to count the number of  $A_{1\dots n}$  satisfying the following conditions:

$$\forall i \in [1, n], L_i \leq A_i \leq R_i$$

Bob can win the game if both players play optimally.

The answer may be very large, you only need to output the answer%998244353

### Input Format

The first line contains one single integer  $n$ .

Then  $n$  lines follow, the  $i$ -th line contains 2 integers  $L_i, R_i$ .

The input guarantees that  $2 \leq n \leq 10$ ,  $0 \leq L_i \leq R_i < 2^{30}$ .

### Output Format

Output the answer%998244353

## Sample Input

```
4
0 2
0 2
0 2
0 3
```

## Sample Output

```
9
```

## C. Composite Set

**Time Limit:** 1s

**Memory Limit:** 512M

### Descriptions

A set of positive integer  $S$  is a composite set if and only if there is a non-empty subset  $T$  of  $S$  satisfying the sum of all integers in  $T$  is a composite number.

Given  $S$ , your task is to check whether  $S$  is a composite set.

Note: 1 is not a composite number.

### Input Format

The first line contains a single integer  $n(1 \leq n \leq 10^5)$ .

The second line contains  $n$  integers  $S_i(1 \leq S_i \leq 10^9)$ , representing all numbers in  $S$ .

### Output Format

If  $S$  is a composite set, output "Yes". Otherwise output "No".

### Sample Input

```
2
5 7
```

### Sample Output

```
Yes
```

**D.** 2020

**Time Limit: 1s**

**Memory Limit: 512M**

## **Descriptions**

What's the year after  $n$  year(s) later? ( $0 \leq n \leq 10$ )

## **Input Format**

An integer,  $n$ .

## **Output Format**

An integer, the answer.

## **Sample Input**

5

## **Sample Output**

2025